

Spiritual, moral, social, cultural, personal growth and development and community cohesion in order to live in a complex, multi religious and multi secular society underpin all Religious Education.

*‘Some’, ‘many’ to be used instead of all Christians, Sikhs etc. believe to prevent over simplification, stereotyping and prevent misconceptions about religion. To think about what they believe and how this might be different from others and to be able to behave with respect and kindness when others describe what they believe.

Y2 Religious Education	TERM 1		TERM 2A		TERM 3A	
	Eid al-fitr (Celebrations)		Water, water, everywhere (Celebrations)		What is Sikhism? (Worship and prayer)	
	<p>Key knowledge Who To know that Islam is the religion and the worshippers are called Muslims.</p> <p>To know that Muslims believe in one God, whom they call Allah.</p> <p>To know that Prophet Mohammed is important to Muslims.</p> <p>To know that Muslims do not show images of Mohammed because he is too special. We do not either in order to show respect.</p> <p>To know that Prophet Mohammed believed humans should be kind to animals.</p> <p>What To know that some Muslims give presents and cards to each other to show their love.</p> <p>To know that Muslims believe it is right to give Zakat (charity) in the form of food and money to those less fortunate.</p> <p>To know that the holy book of Islam is the Quran.</p> <p>To know that the Quran contains important stories with morals like the Crying Camel which can guide Muslims.</p> <p>To know that Muslims believe that the Quran is the word of Allah and should be treated with respect.</p> <p>To know that Muslims believe in the Five Pillars of Islam which guide them to live a good life.</p> <p>Where To know that Muslims visit a mosque to worship and pray to Allah.</p> <p>Celebrations To know that Eid al-Fitr is a Muslim festival marking the end of Ramadan fasting.</p> <p>To know that Ramadan is a month of fasting.</p> <p>To know that some Muslims fast during Ramadan because it allows them to devote themselves to their faith.</p>	<p>Key skills Who To be able to explain how and why Muslims worship and show respect to Allah, Prophet Mohammed and the Quran.</p> <p>What To identify key religious values of Islam and the importance of special places, people and customs e.g. Zakat, prayer and fasting.</p> <p>To be able to retell religious stories which are important to Muslims.</p> <p>To be able to give reasons for the respect shown to the Quran and Mohammed.</p> <p>To be able to see the world through the eyes of others and show respect for others’ beliefs and customs.</p> <p>To be able to identify morals within stories that can guide us to lead a good life.</p> <p>To be able to empathise and interpret what it means to be religious through art, drama and evaluate and reflect upon those experiences.</p> <p>To be able to identify how our actions can affect other people and animals.</p> <p>To be able to identify things that are important in our own lives.</p> <p>To discuss what they find important and what they believe with other children and adults in a polite and respectful way.</p> <p>Where To be able to explain why Muslims visit a mosque.</p> <p>Celebrations To be able to explain what Ramadan is.</p> <p>To be able to explain why some Muslims fast during Ramadan.</p> <p>To be able to explain what Eid al-fitr is.</p> <p>To be able to explain how Eid al-fitr might be celebrated.</p>	<p>Key knowledge Who To know that a Buddhist follows the teachings of a special leader, Buddha.</p> <p>To know that Buddhists do not believe in gods, but they do believe in higher, supernatural powers.</p> <p>To know that Buddhists believe there have been many Buddhas and that there will be more in the future.</p> <p>To know that the first Buddha was a prince – Prince Siddhartha.</p> <p>To know that the Buddha is important to Buddhists because he gained Enlightenment and taught others how to reach it too.</p> <p>What To know that enlightenment means to truly understand reality and the world around us.</p> <p>To know most Buddhists follow a set of rules called the Five Precepts.</p> <p>To know that Buddha taught Buddhists that nothing in the world is perfect.</p> <p>To know that Buddhists practise meditating in order to reach enlightenment.</p> <p>To know that the religious book of Buddhism is the Tripitaka.</p> <p>Where To know that Buddhists might visit the temple to pray and meditate.</p> <p>To know that Buddhism began in Asia.</p> <p>Celebrations To know that Songkran is a Buddhist festival marking Thai New Year.</p> <p>To know that Songkran usually takes place in April.</p> <p>To know that not everybody who celebrates Songkran is a Buddhist.</p>	<p>Key skills Who To be able to consider the role and responsibilities of special people e.g. Buddha.</p> <p>To be able to explore what it means to be a Buddhist through discussion and story.</p> <p>To be able look at how Buddhist values can affect the individuals in a community.</p> <p>What To be able to recall at least 2 of the 5 Precepts: 1. Do not harm or kill living things. 2. Do not steal. 3. Lead a good life. 4. Do not tell lies. 5. Do not drink alcohol.</p> <p>To be able to recall 2 key practices of Buddhism, such as: going to the Temple to pray, meditating with chanting and not eating meat.</p> <p>To be able to make associations between the religion of Buddhism and their personal beliefs.</p> <p>To be able to experience what it means to be religious and non-religious through drama and music and reflect upon those experiences.</p> <p>To be able to develop an understanding of values: their own and respecting those of others.</p> <p>To be able to understand that there are similarities and differences between people and their beliefs.</p> <p>Celebrations To be able to participate in a Songkran water fight to mark Thai New Year. To be able to explain why Songkran is celebrated. To be able to explain why not everybody who celebrates Songkran is Buddhist. To be able to explain how people might prepare for Songkran. To be able to explain how people might celebrate Songkran.</p>	<p>Key knowledge Who To understand that followers of Sikhism are called Sikhs.</p> <p>To know that Sikhs believe in only one god.</p> <p>What To know that Guru means teacher and Sikh means learner.</p> <p>To know that the khanda is a Sikh symbol.</p> <p>To know that most Sikhs believe that everybody is equal and that kindness is the golden rule.</p> <p>To know that most Sikhs believe that different religions are all pathways to the same God because they believe that all humans are children of the same God.</p> <p>Where To know that a Sikh holy place of worship is called a gurdwara.</p> <p>Worship and Symbols To know that there are 5Ks in the Sikh religion.</p> <p>To know that the Sikh holy book is called the Guru Granth Sahib.</p> <p>To know that Sikhs might visit a Gurdwara to come together and pray.</p> <p>To know that a Gurdwara is a place for charity.</p> <p>To know that Sikhs prepare a free vegetarian meal called langar in a Gurdwara.</p> <p>To know that when you enter a Gurdwara, you must take off your shoes, wash your hands and cover your head.</p> <p>To know that the Diwan Hall is where Sikhs pray.</p> <p>To know that everyone sits on the floor in the Diwan Hall to show respect.</p> <p>To know that the langar kitchen is a community kitchen where langar is made.</p>	<p>Key skills What To be able to give reasons for the respect shown to symbols and objects of Sikhism.</p> <p>To be able to recognise the specialness of the 5Ks for followers of Sikhism.</p> <p>To be able to recall at least 2 of the 5 Ks: Kesh – uncut hair Kara – bracelet Kanga – wooden comb Kaccha – cotton underwear Kirpan – steel sword.</p> <p>Where To be able to make links between Sikhism and other religions learnt about so far this year as well as their own personal beliefs.</p> <p>To be able to identify things that are important in my life, e.g. what is their golden rule?</p> <p>To be able to show respect for others’ beliefs and give their views politely even if they are different from their own.</p> <p>Worship and Symbols To be able to name 2 rooms in a Gurdwara.</p> <p>To be able to explain what you must do when you enter a Gurdwara.</p> <p>To be able to explain what langar is.</p>

	<p>To know that during Ramadan, Muslims who fast will have a meal before sunrise and another one after sunset.</p> <p>To know that Muslim families often come together to celebrate Eid al-Fitr in a mosque and in their homes.</p> <p>To know that Muslims might decorate their homes to celebrate Eid al-Fitr.</p> <p>To know that Muslims prepare for Eid al-Fitr celebrations in different ways.</p>		<p>To know that to prepare for the new year, Buddhists and others who celebrate Songkran may clean houses, schools, offices and other public spaces.</p> <p>To know that many families may visit the temple to offer food and listen to monks during Songkran.</p> <p>To know that clean or scented water is sprinkled over statues of Buddha for good fortune.</p> <p>To know that some people celebrate Songkran with street parties and water fights.</p>			
	<p>Personal reflection How do you celebrate special days? Is it the same or different to other people (like Muslims)?</p>		<p>Personal reflection What values are important to you? Why are they important? Are they different or the same to those of other people (like Buddhists)?</p>		<p>Personal reflection Are there any rules that you think are important to follow in life? Why? Are these rules the same or different to those of other people (like Sikhs)?</p>	
	<p>Key vocabulary (tier 2)</p> <p>Core ant belief/believe camel charity different similar</p> <p>Celebrations decorating gift important present</p>	<p>Key vocabulary (tier 3)</p> <p>Core Allah Arabic holy Islam moral mosque Muslim pray Quran religion/religious Zakat</p> <p>Celebrations Eid al-Fitr fasting Prophet Muhammed Ramadan tradition</p>	<p>Key vocabulary (tier 2)</p> <p>Core Asia belief/believe followers rules symbol water</p>	<p>Key vocabulary (tier 3)</p> <p>Core alcohol Buddha Buddhists/Buddhism community enlightenment meditation Pagoda Prince Siddhartha Precepts religion/religious temple the Tripitaka values worship New Year Songkran</p>	<p>Key vocabulary (tier 2)</p> <p>Core belief/believe different equal learner recognise similar symbol teacher understand</p> <p>Worship and symbols charity pray</p>	<p>Key vocabulary (tier 3)</p> <p>Core God/gods Golden rule Guru Sikh Sikhism</p> <p>Worship and symbols Diwan hall Gurdwara Guru Granth Sahib Kaccha Kanga Kara Kesh Khanda Kirpan langar langar kitchen The 5 Ks</p>