| | Term 1 – Every Season: Seasonal Walk to Barnes Common | | Term 2 | Term 3 | |
|--------|--|----------|--|---|-------------|
| Year 1 | Autumn 1 and 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| | Topic: Homes around the worldKnowledge and skills: Asking and answering questions about homes around the world.Content:-Looked at homes around the world and where they are on a world map. Discussion of various homes around the worldKey questions given to develop initial understanding.Knowledge and skills: Learning | op8 1 | Topic: Pirates, Plans and Adventures – maps and plans Knowledge and skills: Developing children's understanding of maps and what they are used for Learning how to produce maps and 3D plans. Content: What do you already know about maps? Created 3D maps of the playground using sweets; making birds eye views maps, a treasure hunt around Barnes following a map. Map of Barnes with symbols and local area. Link to NC: Use simple compass directions, use locational and directional language to describe the location of features and | Topic Africa Content: - Using maps to locate Africa. - Comparison of 3 African countries. - Name and locate 7 continents and 5 oceans (consolidating learning from homes around the world) Link to NC: Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans; understand geographical similarities and differences through studying a small area of the UK and a small area in Africa. | |
| | Developing an understanding of the type of houses in local area - Learning walk – homes near Barnes. Drawing | | routes on a map, use aerial photographs and plan perspectives, devise simple maps and keys. | Trip: The Horniman museum. | |

| of Victorian cottages | | |
|---|--|--|
| opposite school. | | |
| | | |
| Link to NC: | | |
| use simple fieldwork and | | |
| observational skills to study | | |
| the geography of their school | | |
| and its grounds and the key | | |
| human and physical features of | | |
| its surrounding environment | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Knowledge and skills: What | | |
| happens to rain after it has | | |
| fallen? | | |
| Content: | | |
| Awareness raising – | | |
| putting together | | |
| weather jigsaw | | |
| puzzles, learning about | | |
| different types of | | |
| weather, weather | | |
| patterns around the | | |
| world, weather | | |
| forecasts, studying | | |
| weather. | | |
| - Children generating | | |
| questions. | | |
| Knowledge and skills: Collecting | | |
| and recording information | | |
| Content: | | |

| - Children given | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| photographs and had | | |
| to find locations and | | |
| discuss what would | | |
| happen to rain after it | | |
| had fallen. | | |
| - Discussed predictions | | |
| before returning to | | |
| locations and testing. | | |
| - Shared learning | | |
| outcomes and | | |
| evaluating | | |
| Link to NC: | | |
| Use aerial photographs and | | |
| plan perspectives to recognise | | |
| landmarks and basic human | | |
| and physical features; devise a | | |
| simple map; and use and | | |
| construct basic symbols in a | | |
| key. | | |
| Name and locate the world's | | |
| seven continents and five | | |
| oceans; name and locate the | | |
| four countries and capital cities | | |
| of the UK; identify seasonal | | |
| and daily weather patterns in | | |
| the UK; identify the location of | | |
| hot and cold areas in relation | | |
| to the Equator and North and | | |
| South Poles; collect, analyse | | |
| and communicate with a range | | |
| of data gathered through | | |
| experiences of fieldwork that | | |

| | deepen their understanding of geographical processes | | | |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | geographical processes | | | |
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| | | | | |
| Year 2 | | Topic: Konichiwa, Japan | Topic: Barnes and Beyond | |
| | | Knowledge and skills: | Knowledge and skills: | |
| | | To name and locate the world's | To use mathematical vocabulary to | |
| | | seven continents | describe position, direction and movement | |
| | | To use world maps and atlases | To use maps and ask questions | |
| | | to study countries | To use simple compass directions | |
| | | To use simple compass | To use locational and directional language | |
| | | directions | | |
| | | To use maps and ask questions | Content | |
| | | Content: | Content: - Typed up summary of what the children | |
| | | - Recapped Year 1 | did. On playground-directing their friends | |
| | | learning about each | from one position to another. | |
| | | continent and where | -Wrote a set of directions. | |
| | | England was on the | | |
| | | map. Use of Google | | |
| | | Earth to learn about | Knowledge and skills: | |
| | | Japan, location of | To identify the location of features in | |
| | | Japan, its shape, | photos and to indicate them on a plan | |
| | | looked at different | view to represent a route. | |
| | | maps, asked questions | To interpret a source of geographical | |
| | | about new unit. | information | |
| | | Knowledge and skills: | To describe and locate features on a map | |

| - | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| To use geographical vocabulary | To use simple fieldwork to study the | |
| to refer to the physical and | school and local area | |
| human features of different | Content: | |
| parts of Japan | -Typed up summary of what children | |
| Knowledge and skills: | learnt. Looked at plan of local area then | |
| To use a map to locate Japan | had to find ten features using photos | |
| Develop understanding of the | within the route from Barnes to Vine Park. | |
| location and characteristics of | Plotted them on map. | |
| four main islands | | |
| To understand that Japan is a | Knowledge and skills: | |
| diverse country made up of | To develop a 'sense of place' and to think | |
| four main islands. | geographically about a place. | |
| To use geographical vocabulary | To devise a sound map | |
| accurately | To use simple fieldwork to study the local | |
| | area. | |
| Content: | Content: Sound map in Vine Park, typed | |
| Named and located | up summary of what they learnt | |
| Japan, looked at | | |
| photos and videos of | Link to NC: | |
| photos of 4 main | use simple compass directions (north, | |
| islands of Japan, | south, east and west) and locational and | |
| discussed differences | directional language [for example, near | |
| between landscapes. | and far, left and right], to describe the | |
| Human and physical | location of features and routes on a map | |
| features. Sorting | use aerial photographs and plan | |
| activity – key features. | perspectives to recognise landmarks and | |
| Picture jigsaw. | basic human and physical features; devise | |
| | a simple map; and use and construct basic | |
| Geographical Enquiry: To study | symbols in a key | |
| similarities and differences | use simple fieldwork and observational | |
| between Barnes, England and | skills to study the geography of their | |
| Shirakawa-go, Japan | school and its grounds and the key human | |

| Knowledge and skills: Develop understanding of the location and characteristics of the continent of Japan Study a locality abroad that has physical/human features that contrast to their own locality Content: Typed up summary of what children found out – physical and human features. Sorted images of different features in Shirakawa then images from Barnes. Venn diagram to directly compare similarities and differences between Barnes and Shirakawa-go. Knowledge and skills: To be able to make observations and ask questions | and physical features of its surrounding environment. Geography Day Knowledge and skills: Locational knowledge use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop Link to NC: name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans P-name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas | |
|---|---|--|
| | ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, | |
| _ | | |
| 0 | | |
| | harbour and shop | |
| | Link to NC: name and locate the world's | |
| Shirakawa-go. | | |
| | - | |
| • | | |
| | | |
| • | its surrounding seas | |
| Develop understanding of the characteristics of Tokyo | | |
| Ask questions and discuss how | | |
| we can find answers to these | | |
| questions | | |
| Content: | | |
| - Looking at photos of | | |
| different parts of | | |
| Tokyo, discussed and | | |
| shared questions | | |

| | Link to NC: | | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | |
| | Ask geographical questions; express | | |
| | their own views about people, places | | |
| | and environments; use geographical | | |
| | vocabulary; use globes, maps and | | |
| | aerial photographs at a range of | | |
| | scales; use simple compass directions | | |
| | and locational and directional | | |
| | language; use secondary sources of | | |
| | information; identify and describe | | |
| | what places are like; identify and | | |
| | describe where places are; recognise | | |
| | how places compare with other places | | |
| | and recognise how places are linked | | |
| | to other places in the world. | | |
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| KC1 | Link to NC: | | |
| KS1 as a | Link to NC: | | |
| whole | Geographical skills and | | |
| | fieldwork (Geography Day) | | |
| | | | |
| | globes to identify the United | | |
| | | | |
| | Kingdom and its countries, as | | |
| | well as the countries, | | |
| | continents and oceans studied | | |
| | at this key stage | | |
| | at this key stage | | |
| | | | |

| | Term 1 | Term 2 | Term 3 | |
|--------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Year 3 | Autumn | Spring | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| | Autumn 1 - Topic: Deer, walls and Kings | Topic: The Stone Age and beyond Knowledge and skills: | Topic: Romans | |
| | Knowledge and skills: | To use geographical vocabulary | Content : The expansion of the Roman Empire; reaso | ons for the Roman invasion of Britain |
| | Use of maps to locate geographic features, understand human and physical geographic features | To use maps Content Plotted cardinal directions on | Knowledge and skills: atlas skills (locating countries with between settlements, counties and countries); underst resources. | |
| | Content: Used post-it notes to annotate roads, paths, lakes, car parks etc) on maps. Different | maps – comparison to Stone Age topic Topic: The country we live in day - Labelled a sequence of pictures that show how a stack is formed | Trip: Richmond Park | |
| | ordnance survey maps and official map of Richmond Park. | by water erosion | | |
| | Use of evidence to describe similar locations- Royal Parks comparison | Link to NC: To name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical | | |
| | Knowledge and skills: Look at our local environment (the school) and how keys can be used in different ways; locate geographic features on maps of different scales; compare and similar locations and contrast their major | characteristics, key topographical features (including coasts), and to understand | | |
| | similar locations and contrast their major differences (the royal parks of London); use fieldwork skills to carry out a geographic enquiry; use symbols and a key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom | how these aspects have changed over time. To understand the process of coastal erosion (how caves, arches, stacks and stumps are formed). | | |
| | Autumn 2 – Richmond Park Knowledge and skills: Impact of humans and animals on natural | To use simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational and directional language [for example, near | | |

| | environment – comparison of negative and positive impacts Content: Diamond 9 activity: 9 different ways that humans and animals impact Richmond park and sorted them based on how they affect organisms in the park (greatest to least impact). Link to NC: To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied | and far, left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map | | |
|--------|---|--|---|---|
| Year 4 | Topic: Conflict Content: Use of maps to identify key bombing locations Located countries involved in WW2 using different maps Knowledge and skills: identifying urban areas in the UK; identifying countries in Europe and the wider world using an atlas; plotting a history walk on a map of the local area | Topic: The country we live in day Knowledge and skills: I can name and locate countries of UK. I can name and locate capital cities of UK. I can name and locate key topographical features (hills, mountains, coasts, rivers) Content: Created maps of the United Kingdom and labelled key geographical features (rivers, mountains, boarders) Topic: Ancient Greece Knowledge and skills: I can gather key information and impressions of Greece | Topic: Change Knowledge and skills: I can define 'sustainability' and 'being sustainable' I can recognise how people can improve or damage an environment Content: - Use of geographical vocabulary, looking at 'The Window' and how environment has changed over time with increased population/pollution (interdependent physical and human factors) - Defined sustainability and being sustainable - Recognised how people can | Topic: Rivers Enquiry: How does the River Thames change from source to mouth? Knowledge and skills: I Can understand how a river is formed. I can explain how the River Thames changes from its source to mouth Field work on the Thames looking at the condition of the river's water and the affect it has on wildlife. Interpreting sources to understand how the river has been used through history. Understanding effects of our actions on nature. |

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|--|---|--------------------------------|
| the Mediterranean region from looking at | environment – comparison | Content: -Identified key |
| photographs and maps | between early in a | features of the course of a |
| I can identify countries on a map with | settlement to 20 years later | river |
| coastlines on the Mediterranean | Link to NC: | -Watched videos to help gain |
| I can describe the location and the key | human geography, including: types of | information, acted out water |
| geographical features of a place | settlement and land use, distribution | cycle |
| | of natural resources including energy, | -Plotted pictures onto a map |
| | food, minerals and water | of the Thames to show |
| Content: | | change of river from source |
| - Gathered key information and | | to mouth |
| impressions of Greece and the | | -Analysed evidence to |
| Mediterranean region from looking at | | conclude if River Thames is |
| photographs and maps | | polluted – videos and school |
| -Typed up class ideas as children | | trip to support |
| researched on maps | | |
| Identify countries on a map with | | -Review of trip – |
| coastlines on the Mediterranean | | investigating rocks and soils, |
| -Use of maps to identify different | | water survey of Thames to |
| countries | | draw results from trip and |
| - Use of key geography vocabulary | | make conclusions |
| -Sorting activity matching key words and | | |
| definitions (e.g hemisphere, ocean, north, | | Newsed and leasted mesian |
| south, sea, continent, equator) | | -Named and located major |
| -Describe the location of a place | | rivers locally and |
| Describe Greece using cardinal directions | | internationally (home |
| and key geographic words e.g Greece is | | learning presentations, use |
| north of the equator | | of a range of maps on |
| | | different scales) (as |
| Link to NC: Locational knowledge | | homework) |
| - locate the world's countries, using maps | | Trip: Teddington Lock |
| | | |
| to focus on Europe and North and South | | Link to NC: |
| America, concentrating on their | | Human and physical |
| environmental regions, | | geography |

| | | key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities | | describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including rivers, and the water cycle Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water, | | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| LKS2 as a whole | | of the United Kingdom, geographical regions | | | | |
| | topographical features (including coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time (The country we live in day) | | | | | |
| | Geographical skills and fieldwork | | | | | |
| | P- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied | | | | | |
| | Trips: Are we evidencing trips enough? |) | | | | |

| | Term 1 | Term 2 | Те | erm 3 |
|--------|---|--|---|---|
| Year 5 | Autumn | Spring | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| | Autumn 2: Topic: Barnes Past and Present | Topic: The country we live in day | Topic: Journeys | 1 |
| | Knowledge and skills: I can use my map reading skills to decipher symbols on a map. Content: Stuck in map of Barnes, labelled with key and symbols. Knowledge and skills: I can plot on a map key sites to investigate. Content: -Used the map to plot and label key historical sites around Barnes. -Reviewed map symbols. Use of 3 different maps to locate our school – children looked at maps from 1700s, 1800s and 1900s. Identified changes in features- e.g. railway, more housing and discussed what this showed. Led up to discussion about the Industrial Revolution. -Learning walk around Barnes, focusing on features of the Victorian period in the streets around the school. | Knowledge and skills: I can name the countries of the United Kingdom, locate their capitals and recognise the flags Plotted countiles and capital cities on a map of the UK Topic: (linked with India) Climate and climate zones Content: activity that splits map of world into different climate zones and represented using a key. Research key biomes – desert, located some deserts and its climate / plants / adaptation / animals, Oceans, water, marine and its locations, climate, plants, animals that live in it Link to NC: Human and physical geography describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones and biomes | air pollution on our locality Plot aircraft routes to Heat | throw on world map collected and review impact ope with air pollution of building a third runway |
| | Link to NC: Use OS maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied | Topic: Time zones Content: Children watched videos to learn what a time zone was, used globes to find different countries with different time zones, plotted a range of cities with different time zones on a maps using atlases and time zone maps, used small clocks to show different time zones. Discussion about time zones throughout to develop knowledge and understanding. | | |

| | Describe and understand aspects of | | |
|--------|---|---|--|
| | Describe and understand aspects of economic activity | Link to NC: identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night) Topic: India Knowledge and skills Research human and physical geography of India using books, film and ipads. World population table of Hindus and countries where Hindus live to identify where it began, then labelled on a world map. Describe where India is using a range of different maps and photographs | |
| | | Key facts about India's geography – main geographical features, climate, daily life, religion, food Use of geographical vocabulary to describe India's location e.g tropical, continent climate, hemisphere, equator (picture included too) Add in Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn. Use climate data to draw conclusions about mystery locations in India | |
| | | Link to NC: use of geographical vocabulary; interpreting variety of maps; understanding of physical and human geography including: climate zones | |
| Year 6 | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| | Topic: Dangerous Earth | The country we live in day: - counties home learning and test. Knowledge and skills: To identify the key processes involved in Content: activity to match up diagram / process / definition | Topic: Ancient Egyptians Knowledge and skills |

| Knowledge and skills: To recognise and describe a key geological process Content: Labelled diagram of plate boundaries, earthquakes and volcanoes Detailed paragraph to explain how earthquakes are found, supported with range of labelled diagrams. | Knowledge and skills To label and explain the features of a glacial landscape Content: annotated picture with features Knowledge and skills To understand what a glacier is and how they have shaped landscapes in UK Content: photos of 4 different activities during the day. Self- evaluation – what I enjoyed the most, what I have learnt about glaciers. | To use secondary sources to find out about the landscape (linked to history topic of Egyptians) Content: civilisation, using sources to analyse why life might be easy/hard Anicent Mayans TBC |
|---|---|---|
| Knowledge and skills: To understand a geographical process: mountain formation How are mountains formed? – Types of mountains – detailed paragraph to explain how mountains are formed. Supported with diagrams. | | |
| Geographical enquiry: Is San Francisco a safe place to live? Content: Labelled diagram of San Francisco to help answer this hypothesis. Types of settlement, economy, population, landscape features. | | |
| Knowledge and skills: To use a range of sources to inform our opinion on the safety of an earthquake prone area. Content: research using sources (websites etc) | | |
| Knowledge and skills: To collect data using secondary sources Content: data handling to provide evidence and prove the hypothesis. Scatter graph. | | |

| Knowledge and skills: To research and | |
|---|--|
| compare geographical data | |
| Content: analysis of largest earthquakes to | |
| hit San Francisco and comparison to other | |
| major earthquakes in the last 100 years | |
| Geographical enquiry: Even though San | |
| Francisco is an earthquake prone area, why | |
| do people choose to live there? Is it a safe | |
| place to live? | |
| Content: Detailed explanation with key | |
| geographical vocabulary used to answer | |
| hypothesis | |
| hypothesis | |
| Knowledge and skills: To obtain evidence from | |
| a range of sources to inform us about a key | |
| historical events. | |
| Link to NC: Place knowledge | |
| □ =understand geographical similarities and | |
| differences through the study of human and | |
| physical geography of a region of the United | |
| Kingdom, a region in a European country, | |
| and a region within North or South America | |
| | |
| | |
| Topic: The country we live in day: - counties | |
| home learning and test. | |
| Knowledge and skills: To identify the key | |
| processes involved in glaciation | |
| Content: activity to match up diagram / | |
| process / definition | |

| | To label and explain the features of a glacial landscape Content: annotated picture with features To understand what a glacier is and how they have shaped landscapes in UK Content: photos of 4 different activities during the day. Self-evaluation – what I enjoyed the most, what I have learnt about glaciers. | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|
| UKS2 as | Link to NC: | | | |
| a whole | Geographical skills and fieldwork Iso a state of the stat | | | |
| | | | | |
| | describe features studied – Geography Day | | | |