#### Purpose

To tell a personal account of events. To express feelings and views about things that have happened.



# English writing genres ( Diary writing LKS2





### Additional language features

## Chatty language 'speech-like phrases':

As it happened,

At the end of the day,

I am looking forward to...

I didn't expect...

I imagine that...

To be honest.

To tell you the truth,

Worst of all.

It was just as well that...

#### Other sentence starters:

At least... Even though...

l felt so... For once.

No matter what. Sometimes.

#### Features of diary writing

- They will use the simple present tense most of the time.
- The important events are recounted.
- Thoughts and feelings are clearly stated.
- Writing does not have to be chronological (the order things happened).
- The writer confides in the reader, explaining her thoughts.
- The writer may also trust the reader with his secrets.
- Conversational (chatty) language is used.

#### Extra for experts

- Start with a subordinate clause: As I rounded the corner. I saw...
- Start with an 'ing' word: Darting suddenly, Leaping gallantly,
- Start with an 'ed' word: Shocked, Exhausted, Distraught
- Start with a simile: Like the blind fool that I am, I just didn't see it coming.

In Year 3, do you remember writing a diary as Mrs Meyers from the porcupine poem?

# Useful words and phrases

Adverbs to start a diary sentence:

Curiously,

Eventually,

Fortunately,

Hopefully,

Interestingly,

Lately,

Luckily,

Recently,

#### Rhetorical questions:

Can you believe that...? Can you imagine that...? Did you ever expect that...? You'll never guess what happened?

#### Sentence starters to think or reflect:

I wonder if...

I wonder whether...

It might be that...